Stable Diffusion for Designers

This Document contains three case-studies documenting an array of possibilities to use the open source Stable Diffusion Text-to-Image-Generator for (Graphic)Design.

00 you see वशं गावदुर Musu hon imagine an elephant?

The »SD Aphont« display font was created as a case study for using the Stable Diffusion text-to-image generator in type design, harnessing Al's capabilities to generate diverse variants. To enhance and fine-tune the outcomes of this process, a LORA (Low-Rank Adaptation) was trained based on a custom dataset from a broad spectrum of references containing both letters and abstract symbols.



Aphantasia isthe inability to create mental 1955mi

The phenomenon was first described by Francis Galton in 1390, but has since remained relatively unstudied. Interest in the phenoinenon renewed after the publication of a study in 2015 conducted by a team led by Professor Adam Zeman of the University of Exeter.

The characters were generated using the Automatic1111 Stable Diffusion WebUIs img2img mode. By using archetypical letterforms as input the accuracy of the output is ensured. The custom LoRA model is trained for style using the Kohya_ss WebUI.

Parameters

v1-5-pruned-emaonly.ckpt Model zhuj-typography:1.75 LoRA

Mode

img2img
zhuj style, single letter, type design, typography, Prompt

on a black background, flat, ((monochrome))

(((fluid, liquid, melting, simple)))

Negative Prompt

photography, color, gradient, ((outline)), blurry, bad quality, low quality, rendering, low contrast, texture, grey, background, ((glow)), chrome, shading, details, shaded,

complex

0.75 Denoising

CFG-Scale 12.5

DPM++ 2M Karras Sampler

Steps 20

Seed 3044271388

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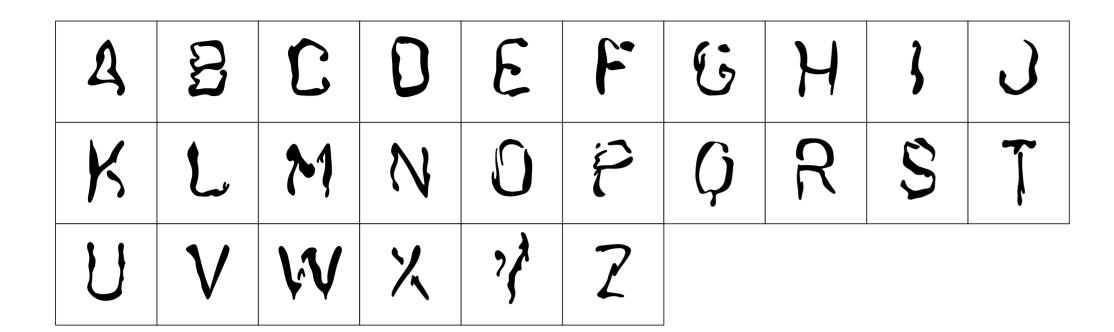
Dataset used for the training LoRA model »zhuj_typography «.



Archetypical letterforms were used to provide a baseline for the generation.

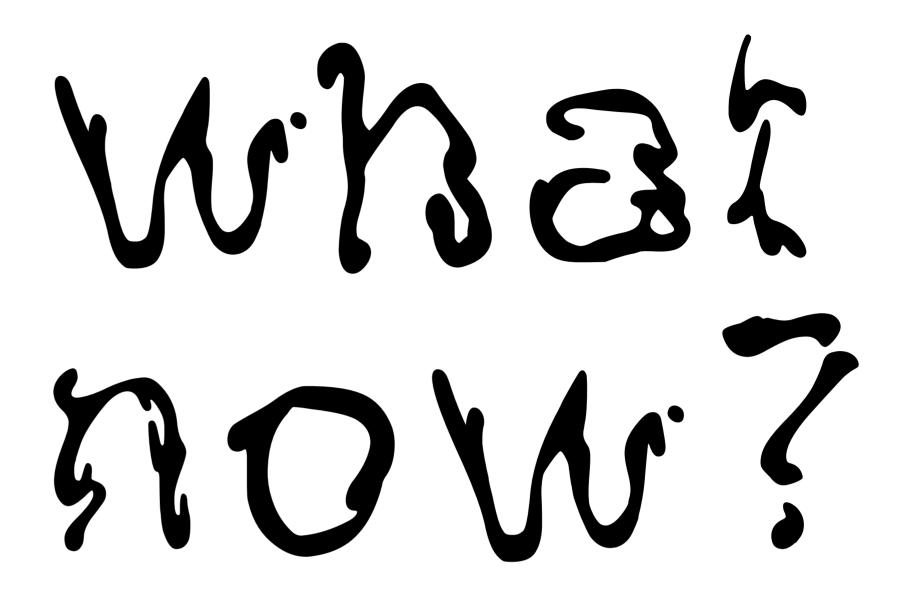
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In total 5840 characters were created, 80 variants for each letter in the character set. Shown above are the 477 selected characters.



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The presented case study illustrates the potential of using Stable Diffusion as a type design tool. Contrary to what some designers may fear, it is not a one-click solution. In addition to prompt engineering, considerable curation and fine-tuning are necessary to create something of value.

As designers, it's our responsibility to actively engage in shaping the future of design tools and to explore their impact on our work. Instead of reflexively rejecting AI, we should embrace it as an opportunity for innovation.

The following case study shows how using Stable diffusion we created key visuals for a fitness brand. Instead of relying on stock photography to establish a distinct visual identity for corporate design, tools like Stable Diffusion enable the creation of a unique style free from predefined biases.

This not only accelerates the design process but also provides the client with a clearer vision for their brand. While it is definitley possible to reach production quality given enought time and resources the images can definitely convey the desired photographic style to a professional photographer effectively.



The Workflow used to generate the images shown in this case-study consists of three main steps.



The basic style of the image is created by crafting a prompt that reliably creates images of the desiered style ober a wide range of seeds. Negative Prompts can be very helpful in fine tuning the result by explicitly excluding unwanted aspects from the image generation process.

2 Composition using ControlNets

Currently the image composition cannot reliably be influenced by the text prompt. Using ControlNets on top of Stable Diffusion however makes it really easy to use sketches or other reference material to influence the composition.

3 Fine Tuning and Upscaling

Using the Image-to-Image process of Stable Diffusion tools like in- and outpainting or upscaling can be utilized to further improve the quality and make granular adjustments. Image editing software like Photoshop can of course also be used at this step.



Baseline Parameters

Model absolutereality_v16.ckpt LoRA LowRA:0.7, more_details:1

Mode text2img

Prompt a woman in a black sports top and shorts is jumping up in a dark room, on the right side, good posture,

dim volumetric lighting, studio lighting, key light,

dark theme, shot on fujifilm x-t4

Negative Prompt FastNegativeV2, 3D render, window, light bar, light strip,

cross track pattern, bad anatomy, duplicate

Denoising 0.75

CFG-Scale 7

Sampler DPM++ 2M Karras

Steps 25

Seed 1901353499

The initial result before fine tuning and upscaling clearly shows the reatction to the style cues and could already be used as part of a moodboard or definition of a style for photo production.





Creating photorealistic images stands as a primary focus within the open-source community. Regular releases of finely-tuned model checkpoints, specialized LoRAs, Hypernetworks, and other features are common. These tools make it remarkably straightforward to build upon them and, if needed, develop project-specific models—for instance, ensuring the generation of cohesive characters or styles.

Al image generation models hold significant promise as tools for designers. They offer new creative avenues, enabling designers to explore unconventional visual expressions, generate novel design elements, and overcome creative limitations.

By integrating AI into their processes, designers can streamline workflows, derive inspiration from a broad array of generated content, and develop innovative concepts. The case study presented here serves as an illustrative example, showcasing the potential of AI as a tool not only for image creation but also to help in developing image styles for brands.